Worksheet: Writing and Balancing Chemical Reactions

1. Balance the following equations and indicate the type of reaction as formation, decomposition, single replacement, double replacement, hydrocarbon combustion, or other.

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\frac{2}{\operatorname{Cu}_{(s)}} + \underline{\qquad} \operatorname{O}_{2(g)} \to \underline{\qquad} \operatorname{CuO}_{(s)}
b. 2 \text{ H}_2O_{(l)} \rightarrow 2 \text{ H}_{2(g)} + O_{2(g)}
c. 3 Fe<sub>(s)</sub> + 4 H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>(g)</sub> \rightarrow 4 H<sub>2</sub>(g) + Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4(s)</sub>
d. (aq) + (3) H_2S_{(aq)} \rightarrow (4) As_2S_{3(s)} + (6) HCl_{(aq)}
e. ____ CuSO<sub>4</sub> • 5 H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>(s)</sub> \rightarrow ____ CuSO<sub>4(s)</sub> + ___ 5 H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>(g)</sub>
     \underline{\qquad} Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3 (s)</sub> + \underline{\qquad} H<sub>2 (g)</sub> \rightarrow \underline{\qquad} Fe (s) + \underline{\qquad} H<sub>2</sub>O (l)
f.
        CaCO_{3(s)} \rightarrow CaO_{(s)} + CO_{2(g)}
2 Al<sub>(s)</sub> + 3 H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4 (aq)</sub> \rightarrow 2 H<sub>2 (g)</sub> + 2 Al<sub>2</sub>(SO<sub>4)3 (aq)</sub>
      H_3PO_4_{(aq)} + 3 NH_4OH_{(aq)} \rightarrow 3 H_2O_{(l)} + (NH_4)_3PO_4_{(aq)}
       C_3H_{8(g)} + \underline{5} O_{2(g)} \rightarrow \underline{3} CO_{2(g)} + \underline{4} H_2O_{(I)}
        \frac{4}{4} Al<sub>(s)</sub> + \frac{3}{2} O<sub>2(g)</sub> \rightarrow \frac{2}{4} Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3(s)</sub>
o. CH_{4(g)} + 2O_{2(g)} \rightarrow CO_{2(g)} + 2H_{2}O_{(l)}
r. ____ Ca(OH)<sub>2 (aq)</sub> + ___ NH<sub>4</sub>Cl<sub>(aq)</sub> \rightarrow ___ NH<sub>4</sub>OH<sub>(aq)</sub> + ____ CaCl<sub>2 (aq)</sub>
        V_2O_{5(s)} + \underline{5} Ca_{(s)} \rightarrow \underline{5} CaO_{(s)} + \underline{V}_{(s)}
     2 Na<sub>(s)</sub> + 2 ZnI<sub>2(aq)</sub> \rightarrow 2 NaI<sub>(aq)</sub> + 2 Zn<sub>(s)</sub>
u. C_7H_6O_{3(l)} + 7 O_{2(g)} \rightarrow 7 CO_{2(g)} + 3 H_2O_{(l)}
v. 3 \text{ Ca}_{(s)} + N_{2(g)} \rightarrow Ca_3N_{2(s)}

w. Fe_2O_{3(s)} + 3 \text{ H}_{2(g)} \rightarrow 2 \text{ Fe}_{(s)} + 3 \text{ H}_{2}O_{(l)}
x. 2 C_{15}H_{30(l)} + 45 O_{2(g)} \rightarrow 30 CO_{2(g)} + 30 H_{2}O_{(g)}
y. 2 BN_{(s)} + 3 F_{2(g)} \rightarrow 2 BF_{3(s)} + N_{2(g)}
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- 2. Predict the product(s) along with the states, indicate the type of reaction, and balance the following chemical reactions.
- a. A solution of lead (II) nitrate is mixed with a solution of sodium iodide.
- **b.** Solid zinc sulfide reacts with oxygen in the air.
- **c.** Liquid butane $(C_4H_{10(l)})$ is used as a fuel to ignite a lighter.
- **d**. Barium hydroxide solution is neutralized by adding hydrochloric acid (HCl $_{(aq)}$).
- e. Copper metal is placed in a solution of silver nitrate.
- f. Sulfur burns in oxygen to make sulfur dioxide gas.
- g. A solution of aluminum sulfate is mixed with a solution of calcium hydroxide.
- **h.** Zinc metal is placed in sulfuric acid $(H_2SO_{4(aq)})$.
- i. Aluminum powder is placed in a container filled with chlorine gas.
- j. Sucrose undergoes cellular respiration.